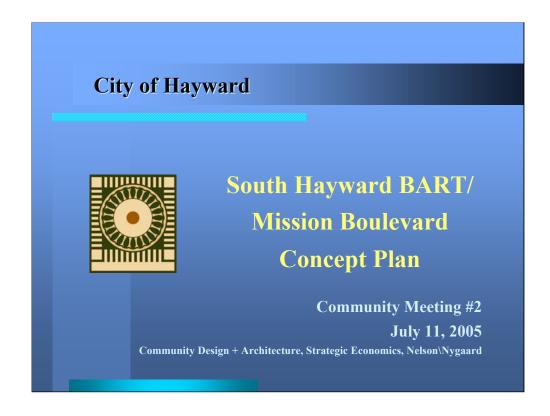
South Hayward BART/Mission Boulevard Concept Plan Timeline

- Community Meeting #1 Existing Conditions (January 19, 2005)
- Community Meeting #2 Land Use Concepts (July 11, 2005)
- Community Meeting #3 BART Station Land Use Concepts (Late July, 2005)
- Planning Commission Meeting DEIR (Early Fall, 2005)
- Community Meeting #4 Draft Concept Plan (Fall, 2005)
- Planning Commission/City Council Hearings (Late Fall/Early Winter, 2005)

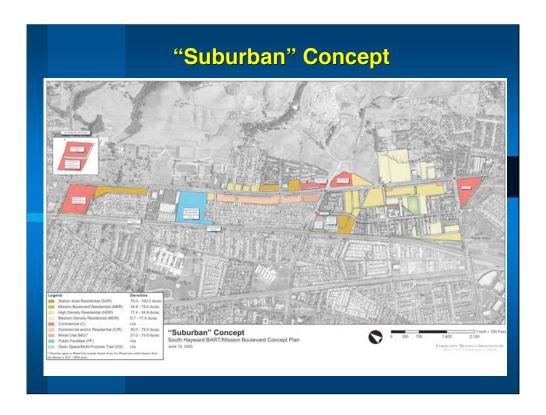


Following the last community meeting on January 19, City staff a joint work session on March 15, during which staff summarized comments received at the meeting, and presented technical assessments. These assessments, and much more information, is available for review via the City's website, and I will provide you will the address at the end of the show.

In June, a joint City Council/Planning Commission working session reviewed and commented on the scenarios you are now about to see.



Preliminary alternatives for each of the seven subareas were developed, and those were further refined to develop two alternative concepts for the study area as a whole.



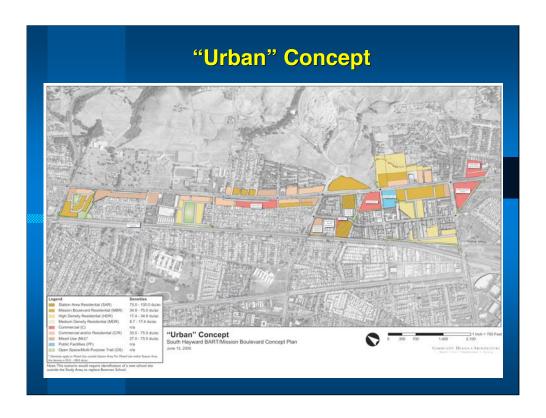
The first concept, the "Suburban" concept, envisions less intense development than the other concept, the "Urban" concept. Both concepts call for additional commercial development and encourage the inclusion of retail and office space with residential uses in mixed-use projects.

The concepts include two residential densities that are more intensive than the highest density that exists currently in Hayward.

The Suburban scenario does not include the highest density residential that is envisioned around the BART station in the "Urban" scenario, and only includes the second highest density (Mission Blvd. residential) around the BART station and in a selected few other sites along Mission Boulevard. Pedestrian, bike and transit experience is enhanced through improvements to connectivity.

"Suburban" Concept contemplates:

- 1,165 to 2,607 additional housing units
- -145,255 to 51, 419 square feet of commercial square footage



The "Urban" scenario envisions much more mixed use and higher residential densities throughout, but primarily around the BART station. Uses such as a grocery store and community center serve not only the increase number of residents in the area, but also the broader community.

"Urban" Concept contemplates:

- 2,448 to 5,112 additional housing units
- -72,270 to 197,094 square feet of commercial square footage

By comparison, the General Plan envisions 700 to 1,400 housing units in the study area.

Density Range

Station Area Residential:

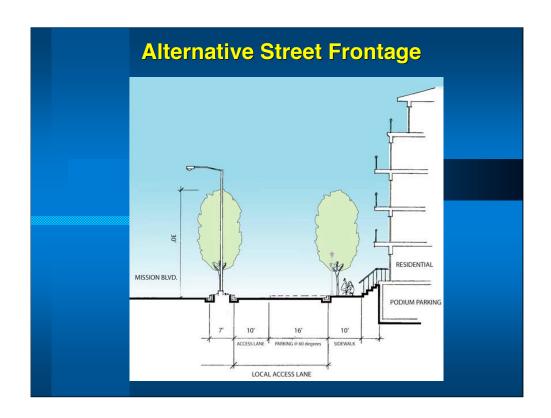
- 75-100 du/acre at 5-7 stories
- **Mission Boulevard Residential:**
 - 34.8-75 du/acre at 3-5 stories

High Density Residential:

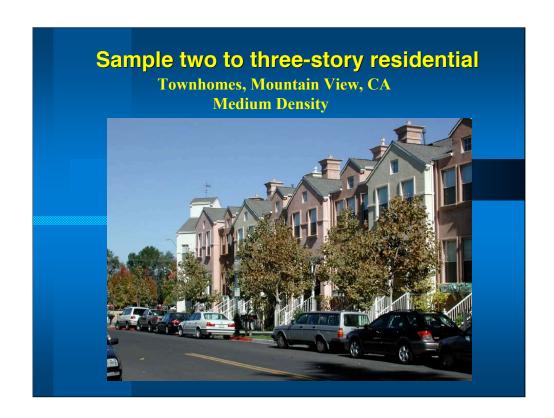
- 17.4-34.8 du/ acre at 3 stories
- **Medium Density Residential:**
 - 8.7-17.4 du/acre at 1-2 stories

Opportunities

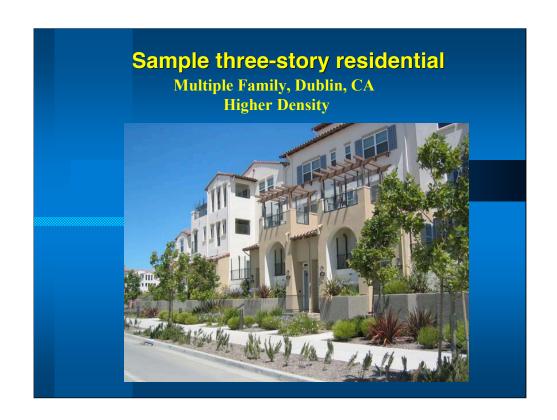
- Mixed use throughout the study corridor
- Expansion of Bowman School
- Two new auto dealerships at the K-Mart site
- New community center at Valle Vista Ave. and Mission Blvd.
- Hotel/conference facility at Holiday Bowl site



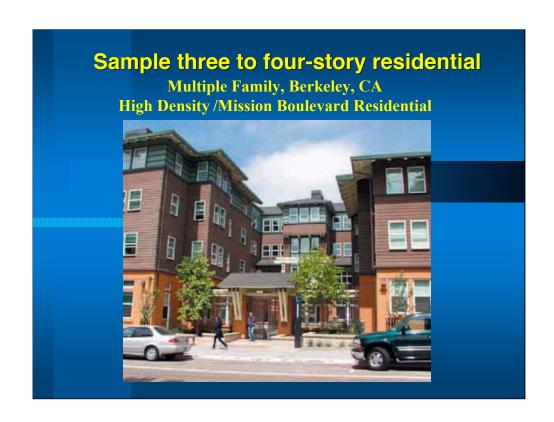
Introducing a local access lane will create a buffer between residential uses and Mission Boulevard. It creates a more pleasant pedestrian experience, provides on-street parking and reducing access conflicts with Mission Boulevard. Think of Shattuck Avenue in Berkeley but with wider, better landscaped medians.



Example of medium density - typically townhomes with individual entrances that activate the street; located off of Mission Boulevard and within existing neighborhoods.



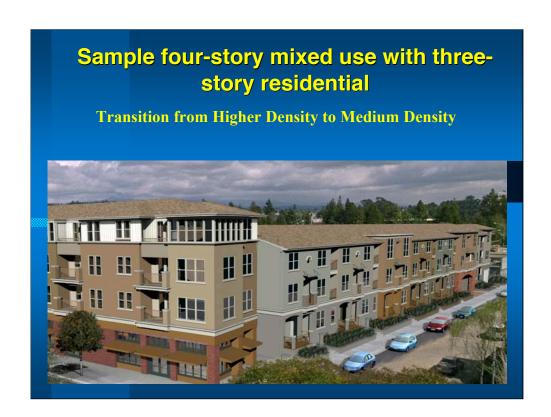
Multiple family configuration - start to increase density by reducing unit sizes.



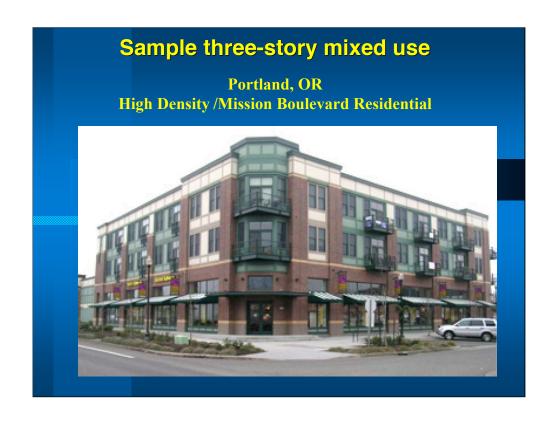
Courtyard configuration to minimize direct frontage onto Mission Boulevard, but still achieving a higher density.



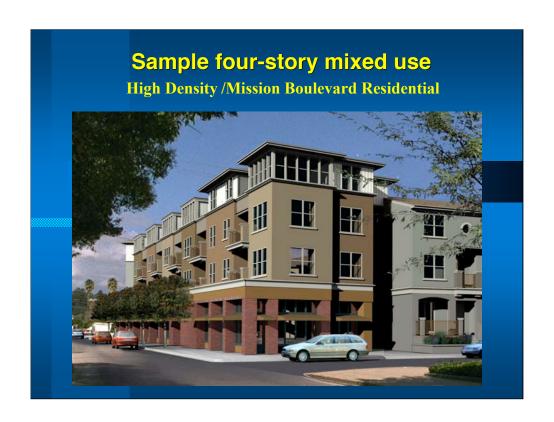
Example that we are going to be seeing on the simulations. Access to underground/podium parking however would be from the rear.



Sensitive transitioning between Mission Boulevard (and the BART station area) is imperative. Reducing the mass and height as development moves into areas adjacent to existing homes.



Creating active streets and serving the daily needs of the residents. A method for separating the residential uses from a busy street.



Example that will be seen in the simulations



Example of breaking up the bulk of the building by setbacks and courtyard (perhaps a little too much architectural "articulation" in this example)



Example of stepping back development as height increases - again reducing the visual "bulk" of building and increasing solar access.



Now, you have the opportunity to see the two dimension plan "come to life". David will presented the video simulations recently completed for segments of the study area.

Following that will be a Q and A with opportunity to give comments either verbally or through the use of the Post-It notes provided.